

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

VOL. 4.]

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 26 1854.

[NO. 87]

TRI-WEEKLY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

S. L. M. MAJOR, JR., & CO.

AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL, BROADWAY, ST.

TERMS:

copy, per annum, in advance, \$5 00
10 do. do. at the end of the year, 4 00
10 copies per annum in advance, 25 00

THE WEEKLY YEOMAN is printed on a double medium sheet, fine paper, and with good types, at Two DOLLARS per year in advance.

JOHN N. STEPHENS,
Plain and Fancy Painter
Paper Hanger, &c.,
FRANKFORT, KY.

All orders left at Luckett & Hampton's Book and Shoe Store, will be promptly attended to.

20 BUSHELS dried apples;
10 bushels dried red peaches;
10 bushels dried peaches, stones in;
1 bushel dried Damsons for pies, for sale by Oct. 13. E. L. SMYTHE.

New Cabinet Wareroom and Manufactory.

JOHN D. RAKE

R EPECTFULLY informs his friends that he is now located in the new Shop, on Main Street, directly opposite the residence of T. M. Rake, and will be pleased to see his old customers, and others who may want Cabinet work. Connected with this shop he has opened a Painting Wareroom, and意图 on his part to furnish on his part to which he respectfully invites the attention of all wishing to purchase.

COFFINS.

Made to order at all times—night day—promptly. He has a neat HEARSE, with which he will attend calls, at any time night or day.

Aug. 29 1854—54

Mendenhall & King's
PATENT HAND LOOM,
Frankfort, Kentucky.

August 11, 1853.

WE, the undersigned, have seen and examined Mendenhall & King's Patent Hand Loom, in operation in the Kentucky Penitentiary, and think it superior to anything of the kind we have ever seen, and would call public attention to it, believing by doing so, that we shall benefit all who examine it for themselves.

L. W. POWELL,
T. H. S. PAGE,
J. R. WATSON.

Having purchased the right to make and sell by use of the Mendenhall and Scott counties, the above Loom (calculated extensively for family use), I most respectfully invite the public generally to call and examine the Machine we have now in full operation at the prison, where it can be seen at any time. N. CRAIG,
Agent and Keeper Keatucky Penitentiary.

August 12, 1853—54.

E. L. SAMUEL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky.,
At the stand occupied recently by S. L. M. Major,
Also a small stock of Groceries, which
he offers a small advance on the Louisville prices, for cash. Having selected the stock with a view to quality, particularly he cannot fail to please most choice customers.

Dec. 23, 1853.

DAVID A. TRUAX
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS,
and

MUSICAL MERCANDISIA
A GENT'L for his Music Dealer, J. C. & Co.
At the stand occupied recently by S. L. M. Major,
Also a small stock of Groceries, which
he offers a small advance on the Louisville prices, for cash. Having selected the stock with a view to quality, particularly he cannot fail to please most choice customers.

Dec. 23, 1853.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

E. L. SAMUEL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN GROCERIES,
St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,

Has in store a large supply of heavy GROCERIES, together with an assortment of Fancy Articles, consisting in part of

SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

15 lbs Sugar, from fair to strictly prime;
20 lbs Plantation Molasses;
10 lbs Fair Plantation Molasses;
10 sacks of Java Coffee;
25 sacks R. C. Coal;
25 sacks of Coal;
15 chests Green Tea, all grades;
3 chests extra Tea, recommended;
1 chest superfine Black Tea;
20 lbs China Sugar;
4 lbs Brown Sugar;
50 boxes Candles;
25 lbs and quarter boxes Star Candles;
15 boxes of Candles;
10 lbs of Scented Candles;
15 boxes Palm and German Soap;
4 lbs Lard and Lard Oil;
1 lbs Turnep.

FLOWER, BACON AND LARD.

These staple articles will be kept on hand continually, and warranted to be as good as can be manufactured or bought for the same.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

10 boxes super for Virginia Tobacco;
5 boxes Kentucky and Missouri Tobacco;
1,000 cluch Havana Cigars;

25,000 German Cigars;
20,000 Kentucky Cigars;

3 lbs smoking Tobacco.

FANCY ARTICLES.

12 dozen shaker Brooms;
12 dozen Garden Rakes and Bobs;
2 dozen Ropes and other Mats;

2 dozen Baskets, Tubs, Churns, Keelers;
Buckles, Cordage, &c.,

50 lbs Nails, assorted sizes;

4 lbs Finishing Nails;
dozen pens' Tacks, assorted.

SUNDRIES.

5 cases Soda;
2 lbs Baker's Broma and Chocolate;
Spice, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Pepper;
Madder, Pearlash, &c., &c.;

Alum, Brimstone, Saltpetre, &c.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS

MESSRS. O. & I. BELT,
In consequence of the late fire are selling off at

COST!

WISHING to close up our business, we have determined to sell off our stock of goods at prime cost, and offer great bargains to all who may give us a call. We are now selling goods at our private residence on Lewis St., opposite the Public Square, between Market and Dutton Streets. Our old customers are requested to continue their patronage and the public generally are invited to give us a call and examine our stock.

O. & I. BELT.

May 11th—54—Com'th copy.

HATS! HATS!!

A LARGE supply of BEERS & Co. double extra Mopustine Hairs, and a few articles also, Metropolitan, (a new arrival), articles, Hungarian and other styles of soft Fur Hats—received and for sale by Dec. 17. W. M. TODD.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
WM. M. TODD.

No. 1, SWIGERT'S Row, Frankfort, Ky.,

Has received a portion of his Spring purchase of boots and shoes, consisting of Gent's and Calf Boots & Boots;
Gent's Calf and Calfers Boots;

Gent's Calf Cutters Boots;

Gent's Calf Oxford Trousers.

Also Men's Yacht and Boys' Kip and Calf Brogues, of the very best quality, and warranted to give satisfaction.

LADIES' SHOES.

A part only of our stock of Ladies' Shoes have come to hand; but as it is, we think we can suit them, as we have received some very new styles. Our stock of MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Garters, &c., is as good as could be desired, and think we can please the most particular.

It gives us pleasure to have our stock and invite those in want of good art to give us a call.

Aug. 22 1853. W. M. TODD.

P. S. Remember that the old Post Office building on Broadway is the place to get good and cheap bargains. Give me a call.

Aug. 22 1853. R. CHARD KEY.

NEW BOOT & SHOE
J. H. YUENSTORY.

RICHARD KEY would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that he has opened on Broadway street, at the stand of the old Post Office, an establishment for the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description. He will keep constantly on hand, or make to order all descriptions of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WORK, of the most superior style and workmanship. It will be his aim to satisfy to the fullest extent, both in styles and durability, all who may favor him with their patronage, and therefore solicits a share of the patronage of the public.

P. S. Remember that the old Post Office building on Broadway is the place to get good and cheap bargains. Give me a call.

Aug. 22 1853. R. CHARD KEY.

PERHAM'S 100,000 GIFTS.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS of the SHARE HOLDERS in Perham's Third Gift Enterprise, IN MASS MEETING!

HELD AT

Academy Hall, 663 Broadway, New York,

ON THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 27TH 1854.

At 8 o'clock the meeting was called to order by Dr. Hall when B. S. Adams, Esq., was nominated and unanimously elected Chairman, and Robert Beatty, Esq., appointed Secretary.

The first business in order being the selection of a Committee of five persons to receive and dispose of the Gift Property, it was motion, Resolved, that we now proceed to the nomination and election.

The election being done, resulted in the choice of ROBERT BEATTY, JR., IRA BUCKMAN, JR., J. LATROPE, B. S. ADAMS.

Agent and Keeper Keatucky Penitentiary.

P. S. The election was held at 8 o'clock.

Dr. H. B. PARKER.

Justices Laston offered the following Resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee be authorized to receive from Mr. Perham's Gift Enterprise, or take from him for its delivery, in cash, or in kind, and hold the same in trust for the Shareholders, and hold the same in trust for the Shareholders.

On inquiry, it was ascertained that Mr. Perham had sold about 60,000 out of the 100,000 Gift Tickets, when the remaining resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That so soon as it is ascertained that 80,000 Gift Tickets are sold, the Committee shall call the Shareholders together, and receive the same, and then have the same in trust for the Shareholders.

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Agent and Keeper Keatucky Penitentiary.

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Dr. H. B. PARKER.

Justices Laston offered the following Resolution:

Removal:

Our friends Gray & Todd have moved from their former stand in the old Bank to the new and commodious building they have erected on the corner of Main and Louis-streets. Every thing is arranged very tastefully indeed, and without doubt, it is one of the handsomest store-rooms we have ever seen. Their new supplies have been received, and they will be happy to see all of their friends and customers at their new location. As clever gentlemen, we commend them to the public.

We call the attention of every body to the advertisement of Messrs. Forsee & Co., which appears in to-day's paper. Every body in Frankfort is acquainted with the members of the firm, and they are regular "trump cards." They keep all of the animal comforts, and the body that is distressed, can find comfort by going to Forsee's & Co's. The establishment is kept on Market-street, and there is no need of mistaking the place, for Forsee is a prominent looking personage, and the other is not small. Go and see them.

The junior of the Frankfort Yeoman has been presented with a pen-knife (one of Barlow's best) in consideration of his good looks, as he says. It affords us pleasure to announce the fact. Reynolds may congratulate himself that Conery never had a squat at us—a single glace at our phiz would have robbed him of all his honors and literally filled our pockets with all the best knives the shop affords. By the way, Loomis & Conery keep everything that is handsome at their jewelry store in Frankfort.—Louisville Times.

"Oh! wad some power or gift would gie us
To see oursels as others see us,
For many a blander 'twould free us
And foolish notion."

Our friend Mooney never has had the courage to look at himself, and consequently he retains still, the idea that he got into his head a number of years ago—before he ever gained the honor of being "Big Ugly." May all the saints in the calendar, defend our friend Conery from the awful infliction of looking at the local editor of the Times—if he is to be punished, let it be some other way. As for your hinting for a knife from our friend, Mooney that looks bad. He has given one knife away, and when we get to be as ugly as you are, we will surrender that one.

A singular trial is now in progress in one of the Providence, Rhode Island, courts. Sometime since, a young lawyer of Providence was detected at the Marlboro' Hotel, in Boston, dressed in woman's clothes. His female wardrobe—a very valuable one, valued at some hundreds of dollars—was taken from him and given into the hands of a Providence policeman, who was to give it to the lawyer's wife. She being away from the place, it was not done, and the owner had had the officer arrested for theft, in keeping the clothes from him. An amusing list of this clothing was published in one of the Providence papers a few days ago, which showed a very extensive female outfit. The case is exciting much interest, as the gentleman, besides being a married man, is a church member, Sunday school teacher, &c.

HAVANA NEWS.—By the United States Mail Steamship Cahawba, we have Havana dates to the 12th inst. There is no news of marked interest. The health of the city is improving, the mortality having decreased to its usual average. Those unacquainted are counseled, however, not to visit Havana, to remain, until the first of October. The accounts from the interior of the island are generally very favorable to the planter; the growing crops fine, the rains equally distributed, and no sickness to interfere with the light labors of the season.

Preparation was being made for the arrival of General Concha, which would take place probably in three or four days. General Pezuela took the initiative in the matter, and subscribed 17,000 dollars, toward the expenses—and had approved the movement of the people, in this regard, in orders. The late excitement among the troops at Matanzas, Trinidat and the fortification of Cabanas, opposite the city of Havana, had subsided.

The Covington and Lexington Railroad Company, we see, have a new Conductor on the express train. Mr. Woodall, the gentleman to whom we refer, has for several years, been in the employ of the Loui-ville and Frankfort Railroad Company. His gentlemanly deportment and affable manners, together with the experience he has as a Conductor, qualify him for the station he holds.—Cynthiana News.

We cheerfully endorse every thing said in regard to Mr. Woodall by our cotemporary. As a gentleman, frank and perfect, and as a Conductor, he is unrivaled. Any person that has been on board that Mr. Woodall has been Conductor of, will cheerfully acknowledge his merits. Success to our friend on his new route.

Mr. ASHTON MADEIRA, of this city, has been appointed mail agent, on the route between Covington and Lexington. We regard the appointment as an excellent one.—Maysville Ex.

We had the gratification of meeting with Mr. Madeira a few days since and from our short acquaintance with him, we formed a very high opinion of him indeed, and must congratulate the company upon having the services of such a man as mail agent.

STAGE ACCIDENT.—On Thursday morning last as an extra stage for Lexington, containing the family of Mr. A. Brothers, of New Orleans, was leaving Danville, the horses became frightened at a drove of hogs, ran off, and in attempting to make the turn at the corner of Third and Lexington streets, upset the stage. The fore wheels became unfastened from the remainder of the vehicle, and with them the horses continued their career. Some of the inmates of the stage were thrown out by the fall. Mrs. Brothers and her nurse, and the driver, a man named Lane, were all severely, though not dangerously, injured. Mr. B. and his children, if hurt at all, were but slightly so.

AUSTRIA IN THE PRINCIPALITIES.—We know no people in Europe more deserving of sympathy than the inhabitants of the Danubian Principalities. After being plundered and outraged by the Russians, they are to be "skinned," and shot by the Austrians. In the diplomatic language of Western Europe this is called "liberating" the people of the Principalities. After reading the proclamation of the Austrian Commander (published elsewhere,) the Wallachians and Moldavians might appropriately exclaim, "Save us from such liberators." The proclamation reads very much as if the Austrians expect to make a long stay in the Principalities. Indeed, it may be more difficult to induce them to leave than it has been to convince the Russians of the impolicy of prolonging their residence.

So far, Austria, without firing a shot, has reaped substantial advantages from the war. The Turks did the fighting, and the English and French did—the looking on. Austria grasps the prize which Russia was obliged to let go. The London News candidly says:

In the victories over the Russians on the Danube, France and England have had no part. Their mighty deeds in the East may be thus enumerated: Odessa frightened; two or three forts on the Cossack coast, which the Russians had deserted or were deserting, looked into; the French and English soldiers left to die of cholera and other diseases contracted from inaction and its consequent lassitude in an unhealthy district.

And now, the Czar hurls back defiance at his enemies, rejects the terms of peace which England and France authorized Austria to offer; and says he will resist to the last man before he yields to humiliating terms. The "Eastern Question" may be settled ten years hence.—N. Y. Sun.

A CHALLENGE.—Mr. T. J. Wells, owner of the noted racer Lecompte, throws out the following challenge in the New Orleans Picayune, of the 2d inst: I will now say and forever: Lecompte will meet any horse that can be produced—Lexington particularly—over the Metarie, Mobile, or ez course, at any distance, at any time, and for any amount.

The law of divorce in some of our States is very lax; but in Germany it is a much easier matter to obtain a divorce than in the United States. A letter from Germany, touching on this subject, says:

As you are probably aware, a divorce may be obtained in Germany for the most trifling cause; as, for instance, a mere disagreement. It is, in fact, a matter of pleasure, and is of every-day occurrence. In Pastor Kunz's (Berlin) congregation alone there were, during the last year, ninety applications for divorce. To the present law upon this subject they attribute a large portion of the immorality among the people, and efforts are now making to obtain a law similar to that in England and America. A paper from one of the most distinguished German theologians on this subject will be read at the approaching general annual meeting of the German church, to be held at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, and, at which I expect to be present. It has been often theoretically declared in England and America, what would be the results of a lax law on the subject of divorce, and you will recollect that there was a discussion on this subject in the British Parliament last winter. I can state what are the practical results of such a law in Germany, as this is acknowledged to be the great cause of the present immorality. In the city of Berlin, one-eighth of the children born yearly are illegitimate. In Hamburg and other cities the proportion is still larger; while Munich has the enviable superiority of swelling the proportion to one-half. This is a sufficient commentary on the practical workings of the system.

A great national cattle show is to be held under the auspices of the United States Agricultural Society, (of which the Hon. Marshall P. Wilder is the president,) to take place at Springfield, Ohio, on the 25th of October, and continue three days. It will of course be one of the

greatest exhibitions of the kind ever witnessed in this country. The large amount of \$6,000, in the shape of premiums for the best cattle, &c., is offered, and the competitors will not be few. It bids fair to be a great mass meeting of farmers and others interested from every State of the Union, drawing people together after the fashion of a western barbecue.

COURT OF APPEALS.

FRIDAY, Sept. 22.
(47th Day.)

CAUSES DECIDED.

Loughborough v Loughborough, Louisville: affirmed.

Roberts v Price, Boone; affirmed.

Young v Harris, Kenton, affirmed.

Martin v McDonald, Kenton; reversed.

Grimes v Race, Pendleton; reversed.

Roe v McKnight, Harrison; reversed.

ORDERS.

Covington v Southgate, Kenton.

DeMoss v Nelson, Campbell.

DeCourcey v Deeken, Campbell.

Geising v Devenger, Campbell.

Gray v Gooden, Christian.

Graves v Buckhamon, Laurel.

Shaggs v Stafford, Louisville.

Planters Bk. Tenn., vs Thompson Trigg.

Landes v Bank Tenn.—were argued.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23.
(48th Day.)

CAUSES DECIDED.

Nevit v Thompson, Spencer; affirmed.

DeCourcey v Deeken, Campbell; affirmed.

Geising v Devenger, Campbell; affirmed.

DeMoss v Nelson, Campbell; reversed.

Gray v Goddin, Christiana; reversed.

Smith v Brown, Garrard; decree so far as relates to executors accounts affirmed, but as to Mrs. Smith's claim reversed.

Walker v McKnight, McCracken; re-hearing granted.

McBride v Woodruff, Louisville; petition overruled.

ORDERS.

Smith v Smith, Cumberland;

Maxey v Golden, Monroe.

Burch v Breckinridge, Henderson.

Same v Cunningham, Henderson.

Sharp v Dunavan, Christian.

Ky. Seminary v Wallace, Christian.

Brawner v Smith, Franklin—were argued.

(49th Day.)

MONDAY, Sept. 25.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Longhorne v Payne, Bracken; affirmed.

Graves v Buckhamon, Laurel; affirmed.

Maxey v Golden, Monroe affirmed.

Furman v White, Lawrence; affirmed.

Harris v Thompson, Mercer; reversed

as to the costs given below.

Bedinger v Stuard, Kenton; reversed

for the want of proper parties.

ORDERS.

Middleton v Rice, Franklin Petition for a rehearing overruled.

Payne v Clements, Union;

Lilly v Jones, Harrison;

Harriet v Williams, Franklin;

Yelton v Mosley, Franklin;

Ellen v Laird, Franklin;

Meyers v Fingley, Grant;

Gaines v Finney, Kenton—were argued.

PRIZE FOR NEWSPAPERS.—A premium of twenty dollars for the best specimen number of an American newspaper, printed in the year 1854, having due regard to its typographical and artistic appearance, is to be awarded at the county fair in Sumner county, Tennessee, which is to be held at the town of Gallatin.

Mr. Hutchinson has been convicted at Nashville for robbing the mail, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

Efforts are making in Alabama to secure individual contributions to erect a monument to the late Vice President King.

COMFORTABLE REFLECTION FOR LIQUOR DRINKERS.—As a proof of the extensive adulteration of liquor in this country, the New York Sun says that more port wine is drunk in the United States in one year, than passes through the Custom-House in ten; that more champagne is consumed in America alone than the whole champagne district produces; that cognac brandy costs four times as much in France, where it is made, as it is remailed for in our grog-shops; that the failure of the whole grape crop in Madera produced no apparent diminution in quantity or increase in the price of wine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the New Haven company last night, resolutions were passed appointing a committee of investigation into the affairs of the company and recommending a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of Schuyler.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.

Col. Porter has entered upon his duties as collector of this port.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 22.

The building on the corner of Van Brunt and President-streets, intended for a bank, and the one adjoining, were destroyed by fire. Loss \$20,000, and mostly insured in Albany, Hartford, and United States company, New York.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.

Judge Purviance died here this morning. The court rooms are draped in mourning.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

The earnings of the New York and Erie railroad for August are \$417,416, being an increase of \$62,475 over the same month last year.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

Archbishop Hughes has summoned a council of the bishops of his province, and the heads of religious orders to assemble at the Cathedral on the first Sunday in October.

Late advices from St. Domingo report the fever to be raging to an alarming extent, but more especially among the shipping.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 21.

Bishop Garland, of the Roman Catholic diocese of Savannah, died here yesterday of yellow fever. He had been most assiduous in his attention to the sick and suffering, and his death is universally lamented.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

The Navy Department has received information of the death of Lieut. Alonzo B. Davis, at Wilmington, Del.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.

Attorney General Cushing is preparing to carry the Booth case, in which the Wisconsin Supreme Court decided against the Constitutionality of the fugitive slave law, up to the Supreme Court of the United States.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.

New Orleans papers of Saturday have been received.

The riots have entirely ceased. The body of John Kane, one of the men supposed to have been murdered, was found, pierced by four balls, but he may recover.

There were 44 deaths at Savannah on Sunday and Monday last, of which 29 were of yellow fever.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.

New Orleans papers of Saturday have been received.

We now state that the riot was renewed again on Friday night. Armed bands passed through the streets.

The chief loss of life was done in Lombard and three men seriously wounded.

Mrs. Adams was seriously wounded. It is

supposed she fired at her husband. Much excitement existed.

The death at Savannah on Tuesday amounted to 18 of yellow fever. The fever is increasing in the eastern part of the city.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.

A Quebec dispatch says the reciprocity treaty was confirmed by the Provincial parliament on Wednesday.

Sidney Webster was on the floor when the vote was taken.

Returns from all the towns in Maine, but three, show that Morrill lacks 900 votes of an election by the people.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 22 P. M.

From the Washington Union.

THE ABOLITION SCHEME OF DIVIDING THE UNION.—A great deal has been written about the doctrine of secession and the danger of disunion. Many grave apprehensions have been excited by previous discussions upon the doctrine. But the most formidable movement yet made in favor of the doctrine of disunion is that now progressing in the free States. While the South is perfectly quiescent—asking only that its rights shall be preserved—the North, under the lead of the abolition agitators, who have taken entire possession of one of the great parties of the free States, is now advocating and urging a project which, if successful, would certainly lead to a severance of the Union. This project contemplates the combination of the people of the North into a great sectional party against the South. To this end all other questions are made to yield. No man is, if possible, to be elected to any office who is not the sworn foe of the South, or the bond and covenanted advocate of abolitionism. It would be madness to attempt to conceal from ourselves that this organization has not retrograded. Every day convinces us that it is on the increase. We are not without a high and a prayerful hope, it is true—a patriotic confidence, growing out of a fervent affection for the traditions and realities of the Union—that the conservative element is not yet extinct in the northern States; but it is not true that traitors, and knaves, and hypocrites, like Greeley, and Sumner, and Gillette—is it not true that infidel preachers, like Phillips, contemners of law, like Beecher, and inciters to mob violence, like Parker, are at this moment wielding a fearful influence over the northern mind? Is it not true that the whole whig party of the free States has been paralyzed and terrified by these influences, until there is scarcely a living soul in that party that has nerve enough to say that the South is entitled to any other consideration than which the conqueror yields to his captive?

HARTFORD, Sept. 23.

One of Harner & Fobes' powder mills,

in East Hartford, blew up this morning,

killing John McCann, late of Dover, Mass.

The mill contained 100 kegs of power-

The cause of the explosion is unknown.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 23.

New Orleans papers of Sunday have

been received.

The mayor has sworn in a large special

police force.

The city remained quiet.

QUEBEC, Sept. 23.

The bill to bring the laws into harmony

with reciprocity treaty was read for the

first time to the assembly last night and

will probably pass to-day.

LEXINGTON, Sept. 23.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs.

Geo. H. Thomas, and Captain and Thom-

as Buford, relative to the difficulty at the

fair grounds, was concluded this evening,

Judge Graves holding all parties to bail in

\$1,000 for their appearance at the next

term of the circuit court; also in \$3,000

each to keep the peace for twelve months.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.

The meeting to organize a Democratic

association in opposition to the Know-

Nothings was held this afternoon agree-

able to the adjournment from Wednesday

night. The Hall was crowded to over-

flowing, and a large number were outside.

Messrs. Florence and Carrigan, of Phila-

delphia, and Stanton, of Ky., addressed

the meeting. There were no disturbance

beyond the usual interruptions of such

gatherings. The theme of each speaker

was laudation of the Democratic party and bitter condemnation of the whigs and

Know-Nothings. It was apparent that a

large portion of those were present were

opposed to the object of the meeting, and

when the regular meeting adjourned, a

counter-meeting was quietly organized and

addressed by Capt. Cutler of Ky., and

Capt. Carrington, of this city. Their re-

marks were received with much enthusiasm.

There appeared but little diminu-

tion in the last number in the hall during

the last meeting, and after voting to ad-

join to Tuesday evening next the vast

crowd quietly retired.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.

Horace Stacey, a regular physician of

this city and Mrs. Dr. Dohill, of Worcester,

have been arrested charged with causing

the death of Mrs. Lucinda Kimball, of

Ballard, Vt., by abortion. Her husband was

present at the time of the examination.

The above two were committed in default

of \$10,000 bail.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

Total deaths for the week 625, includ-

ing 36 by cholera.

READING THE FUTURE BY THE PAST.—

There is a truth made memorable by un-

varying history, that no ism, no faction,

ever reared its head in this country that

is not hostile to the democratic party.—

And why? Because in every instance,

with instinctive sagacity, the democratic

party denounces all sins. Look at the

long procession of sins which have

arisen from the disappointments of politi-

cians, like deadly miasma from decaying

vegetation, and, like the pestilence itself,

have succeeded in prostrating many a

true and heroic defender of the truth.—

Against each the democratic party raised

its stalwart arm, and, after a brief strug-

gle, each has been consigned to merited

oblivion. Behold! Hartford convention-

ists, national republicans, anti-Masons,

conservatives, Native Americans, aboli-

tionists, ultra temperance men, and now

intolerants and abolitionists again.

The only antagonist of these factions, as

one after another they rose into being,

was the democratic party. That was the

party of their first and their last hatred—

that the target of their poisoned arrows—

that the fortress against which their impul-

ses and their energies were directed. To

the whigs each of them became an object

of affliction no less than to themselves.

THE BOY AND THE BRICK.—A boy hearing his

father say, "Twas a poor rule that would

not work both ways," said, "If father applies this rule to his work, I will attest it to my play."

So setting a row of bricks, three or four inches

apart, he tipped over the first, while

the others were standing so firmly that

that their newly acquired power would last

but a few moments.

"Well," said the boy, "each brick has knocked

down his neighbor which stood next to him. I

only tipped one. Now I will raise one and see if he will raise his neighbor. I will see if raising

one will raise all the rest." He looked in vain to see them rise.

"Hear father," said the boy, "is a poor rule,

it will not work both ways. They knocked each other down, but will not raise each other up."

"My son," said the father, "bricks and mankind

are alike, made of clay, active in knocking

each other down, but not disposed to raise each

other up."

"Father," said the boy, "does the first brick re-

present the first Adam?"

The father replied with the following moral:

"When men fall they love company; but when

they rise they loathe to stand, like yonder brick,

and see others prostrate and below them."

COLUMBIA, S. C. Sept. 22.

The up passenger train on the Georgia railroad ran into the down freight train last night, killing the engineer of the passenger train, and three passengers had their legs broken.

Interments at Savannah on Thursday numbered 12 by yellow fever. This is a great decrease. Total deaths for the week 120, of fever 130.

Deaths by yellow fever on Thursday and Friday at Charleston numbered 37.

COLUMBIA, S. C. Sept. 23.

The accident of the Georgia railroad occurred near Crawfordsville. Three cars of each train were smashed. No passengers were hurt.

Nearly the whole of the population of Augusta have left, and the country for miles around is covered with tents. The fever is increasing.

The post office is closed, and the mails are delayed, as there is no one in distribution to them.

No Southern papers have been received here since Monday.

The people of Jacksonville fired in the steamer Wetoka, from Savannah, as she passed up, because they were afraid they would bring the pestilence among them.

HARTFORD, Sept. 23.

One of Harner & Fobes' powder mills,

in East Hartford, blew up this morning,

killing John McCann, late of Dover, Mass.

The mill contained 100 kegs of power-

The cause of the explosion is unknown.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 23.

New Orleans papers of Sunday have

been received.

The mayor has sworn in a large special

police force.

The city remained quiet.

QUEBEC, Sept. 23.

The bill to bring the laws into harmony

with reciprocity treaty was read for the

first time to the assembly last night and

will probably pass to-day.

LEXINGTON, Sept. 23.

Wholesale and Retail Family

GROCER,

Broadway, Front of Capitol Square, West Side,

FRANKFORT, KY.

MOST respectfully announces to the ci-

ty of Frankfort, and surrounding coun-

ties, that he has, in store, a large and

selected stock of Goods, comprising every

article of use and convenience, and

will supply all wants.

Also, Starch, Indigo, Soda, Salsaratus, Rice,

Pepper, Spices, &c., &c., in store and for sale

by JOHN H. CALLAGHAN.

Frankfort, Sept. 2, 1854.—1.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JOHN H. CANNON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS

FEATHERS,

DRY GOODS!

JOHN L. MOORE

I now receiving a very large and most desirable stock of WINTER GOODS, cheap indeed, and very pretty. He will be pleased to see his old patrons and especially the ladies, & feels confident that he can please all reasonable deters in prices, styles and quality. [Sept. 5 '54]

MAN KNOW THYSELF! An Invaluable Book for 25 Cents.

Every family should have a copy.

100,000 Copies sold in less than a year. A new addition revised and improved every month.

Dr. Hunter's Medical Almanac and hand book for the Afflicted. Contains an outline of the origin, progress, and termination of diseases, with advice for their prevention, written in a similar style avoiding all medical technicalities, and everything that would offend the ear of decency. Price 25 Cents. Postpaid.

The author of this work unlike the majority of those who advertise to cure the disease of which he treats, is a graduate in one of the best law schools in the United States, and is pleased to recommend the same to the unfortunate, or to victims of malpractice, as a successful and experienced practitioner, in whose honor and integrity they may place the greatest confidence.

JOSEPH LONGSHORE, M.D., Philadelphia, M.D., University

Philadelphia.—It gives me pleasure to add my testimony to the professional ability of the Author of the MEDICAL MANUAL. Numerous students of the various General Academies, some of them of the highest standing, have made inquiries in which his skill has been manifested in restoring to perfect health, in some instances where the patient had been considered beyond medical aid.—

He has made many cures, and with success, of diseases contracted by promiscuous sex intercourse,

of disease, contracted by venereal sex intercourse,